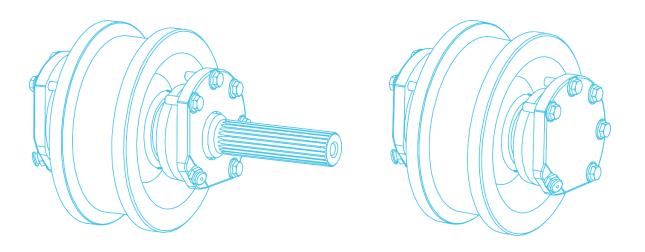
Installation and Maintenance Instructions

TITAN

WHEEL SET

SERIES KG E130



RAE/RNE 160, 200 RAEK/RNEK 160, 200



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Before installing the wheel set and commissioning, read these Installation and Maintenance Instructions. Observe all directions and instructions. We accept no liability for damage and malfunctions caused as a result of non-observance of these instructions.

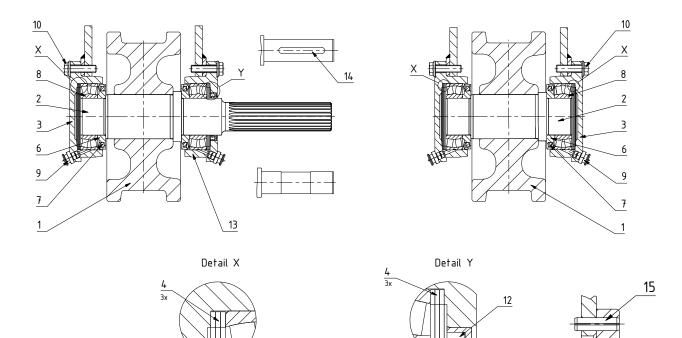


1. Technical construction RAE/RNE 160, 200

Installation version 1 and 2
Installation of corner bearing, delivered complete

Wheel set RAE driven

Wheel set RNE not driven



Parts list

	Number pe	er wheel set		
Part	RAE	RNE	Designation	
1	1	1	Crane wheel	
2	1	1	Drive shaft/Idler shaft	
3	1	2	Flanged bearing housing	
4	6	6	Compensating disc Ø 89,5/80 x 1,5	
5	-	-		
6	2	2	Bearing cap	
7	2	2	V-Ring V70A	
8	2	2	Self aligning roller bearing DIN 635 - 22210	
9	2	2	Flat grease nipple DIN 3404 - M1 - G1/8	
10	10	10	Locking screw M 10 x 35 - 10.9 ZT (Sperr-Ripp)	
11	-	-		
12	1	0	Radial shaft seal DIN 3760 - B1 Ø 50/65 x 8	
13	1	0	Flanged bearing housing with hole	
14	1	0	Feather keyDIN 6885/1 (Design depending on the drive shaft)	
15	(8)	(8)	Locking pin ISO 8752 - Ø 8 x 30 (only for installation version 2)	



1.1 Installation dimensions and hole pattern für den Steel construction

Installation version 1

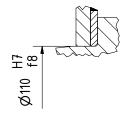
Installation of corner bearing, delivered complete

Flange centering mechanically machined

For this installation version, the locating holes for the flanged bearing housing in the steel construction are mechanically machined with the tolerances of fit \varnothing 110 H7.

Thus, this eliminates extensive alignment of the wheel set and pinning of the flanged bearing housing after installation.

The wheel sets are complete, i.e. supplied as a ready-to-install unit. Preparation of the steel construction in accordance with the hole pattern (Figure 1) is possible as a quick, corner bearing installation using commercial tools.



Radial forces are absorbed through the tolerance fit

Hole pattern representation, corner bearing installation (Figure 1)

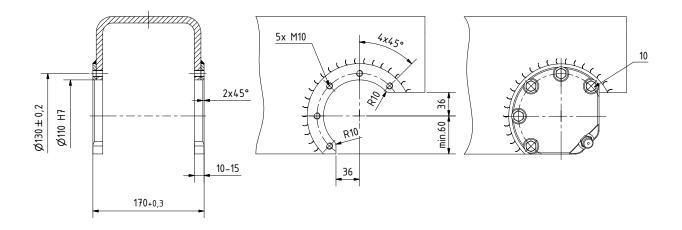


Table 1

	Number per flanged bearing housing	
Wheel set	Locking screw	Tightening torque
RAE/RNE 160	5 off M10x35	75 Nm
RAE/RNE 200	5 off M10x35	75 Nm



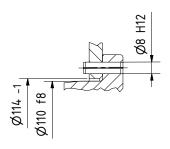
1.2 Installation dimensions and hole pattern for the steel construction

Installation version 2

Installation of corner bearing, delivered complete Flange centering flame-cutting

For this installation version, the locating holes for the flanged bearing housing in the steel construction are flame-cutting to \varnothing 114 -1 mm. However, in this case, precise alignment of the wheel sets is necessary by displacing the flanged bearing housing after installation.

The wheel sets are complete, i.e. supplied as a ready-to-install unit. Preparation of the steel construction is carried out in accordance with the hole pattern (Figure 2). After alignment, the exact position of the flanged bearing housing is fixed using the locking pins.



Radial forces are absorbed through locking pins

Hole pattern representation, corner bearing installation (Figure 2)

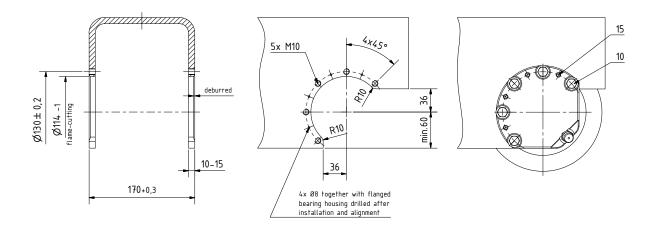


Table 2

	Number per flange		
Wheel set	Locking pin	Locking screw	Tightening torque
RAE/RNE 160	4 off 8x30	5 off M10x35	75 Nm
RAE/RNE 200	4 off 8x30	5 off M10x35	75 Nm

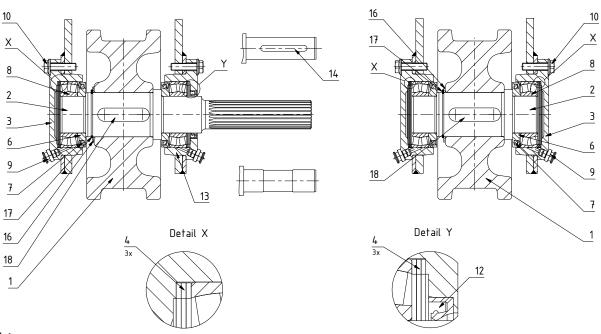


2. Technical construction RAEK/RNEK 160, 200

Installation version 3
Installation of box girder, supplied as individual parts

Wheel set RAEK driven

Wheel set RNEK not driven



Parts list

	Number pe	r Wheel set	
Part	RAEK	RNEK	Designation
1	1	1	Crane wheel
2	1	1	Drive shaft/Idler shaft
3	1	2	Flanged bearing housing
4	6	6	Compensating disc Ø 89,5/80 x 1,5
5	-	-	
6	2	2	Bearing cap
7	2	2	V-Ring V70A
8	2	2	Self aligning roller bearing DIN 635 - 22210
9	2	2	Flat grease nipple DIN 3404 - M1 - G1/8
10	10	10	Locking screw M 10 x 35 - 10.9 ZT (Sperr-Ripp)
11	-	-	
12	1	0	Radial shaft seal DIN 3760 - B1 Ø 50/65 x 8
13	1	0	Flanged bearing housing with hole
14	1	0	Feather key DIN 6885/1 (design depending on the Drive shaft)
15	-	-	
16	1	1	Disc DIN 988 - Ø 60/75 x 3
17	1	1	Circlip DIN 471 - Ø 60 x 3 (heavy-duty design)
18	1	1	Feather key DIN 6885/1 - A 18 x 11 x 70



2.1 Installation dimensions and hole pattern for the steel construction

Installation version 3

Box girder installation, delivered in individual parts

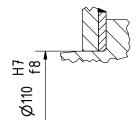
Flange centering, mechanically machined

For this installation version, the locating holes for the flanged bearing housing in the steel construction are mechanically machined with the tolerances of fit \varnothing 110 H7.

Thus, this eliminates extensive alignment of the wheel set and pinning of the flanged bearing housing after installation.

The wheel sets are supplied as individual parts.

Preparation of the steel construction in accordance with the hole pattern (Figure 3) is possible as a quick, box girder installation using commercial tools.



Radial forces are absorbed through the tolerance fit

Hole pattern representation, box girder installation (Figure 3)

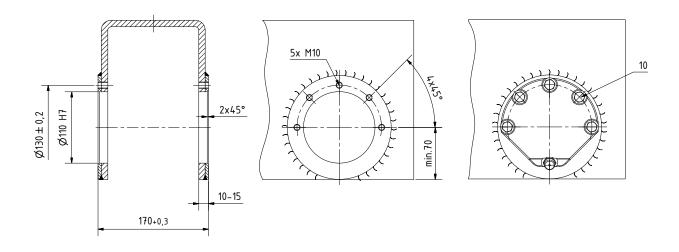


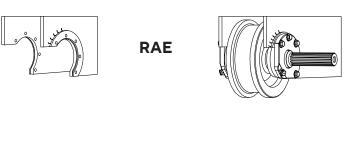
Table 3

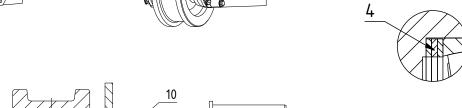
	Number per flanged bearing housing	
Wheel set	Locking screw	Tightening torque
RAEK/RNEK160	5 off M10x35	75 Nm
RAEK/RNEK 200	5 off M10x35	75 Nm

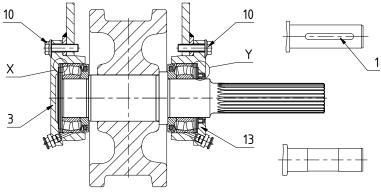


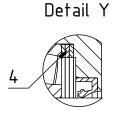
3. Installation of the wheel sets RAE/RNE 160, 200

Installation version 1 and 2
Installation of corner bearing, delivered complete

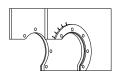




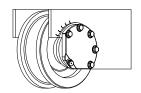




Detail X



RNE



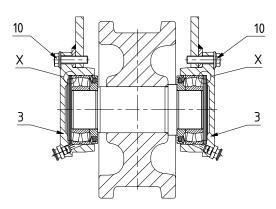


Table 4 Using interchangeable compensating discs (4) the position of the wheel to the rail and thus the average track dimension can be changed.

Wheel set	Number per flanged bearing housing Thickness of compensating disc	max. adjustment option	
RAE/RNE 160	3 x 1,5 mm	± 4,5 mm	
RAE/RNE 200	3 x 1,5 mm	± 4,5 mm	



3.1 Installation procedure, installation version 1

Installation of corner bearing, delivered complete Flange centering, mechanically machined

- 1. Manufacture the steel construction in accordance with 1.1 (refer to Page 4).
- 2. Insert the complete wheel set into the steel construction
- 3. Attach both flanged bearing housings (3,13) to the steel construction using the locking screws (10), tightening torque 75 Nm (in accordance with Table 1)
- 4. Relubricate both roller bearings



However, this simple installation process is only applicable if the dimension of the steel construction (clearance of the flanged bearing housing) has been manufactured exactly as given in Figure 1 on Page 4 (170 \pm 0.3 mm). If the installation dimension is exceeded by more than 1 mm, the difference must be compensated by installing the corresponding compensating discs (4). Thereby, there is less axial play.



If the installation dimension (170 +0.3 mm) has been manufactured smaller, before installing the flanged bearing housing, it is **mandatory** to remove the appropriate compensating discs (4). Only thus can constraining forces on the self-aligning roller bearings be prevented and thus, damage caused by the forces. After Installation, both flanged bearing housings must rest on the steel construction. The wheel set should then have a minimum axial play of 0.1 mm.

3.2 Installation procedure, installation version 2

Installation of corner bearing, delivered complete Flange centering flame-cutting

- 1. Manufacture the steel construction in accordance with 1.2 (refer to Page 5).
- 2. Insert the complete wheel set into the steel construction
- 3. Attach both flanged bearing housings (3,13) to the steel construction using the locking screws (10), hand tighten the bolts.
- 4. Using suitable measurement tools, accurately align all wheel sets of the system by moving the flanged bearing housing.
- 5. Once alignment is complete, fully tighten the locking screws (10) to the tightening torque of 75 Nm (in accordance with Table 2).
- 6. Open up the predrilled holes Ø 3 mm in all flanged bearing housings together with the steel construction to Ø 8 mm (in accordance with Figure 2).

 Subsequently, tap in the locking pins (15). Thereby, the flanged bearing housing can be released at any time and accurately installed again.
- 7. Relubricate both roller bearings.



If the dimension of the steel construction (170 +0.3 mm) has not been manufacture accurately in accordance with Figure 2, appropriate compensating discs (4) must be removed from or installed in the flanged bearing housing, in accordance with 3.1. To prevent constraining forces acting on the self aligning roller bearings, make sure that there is small axial play.

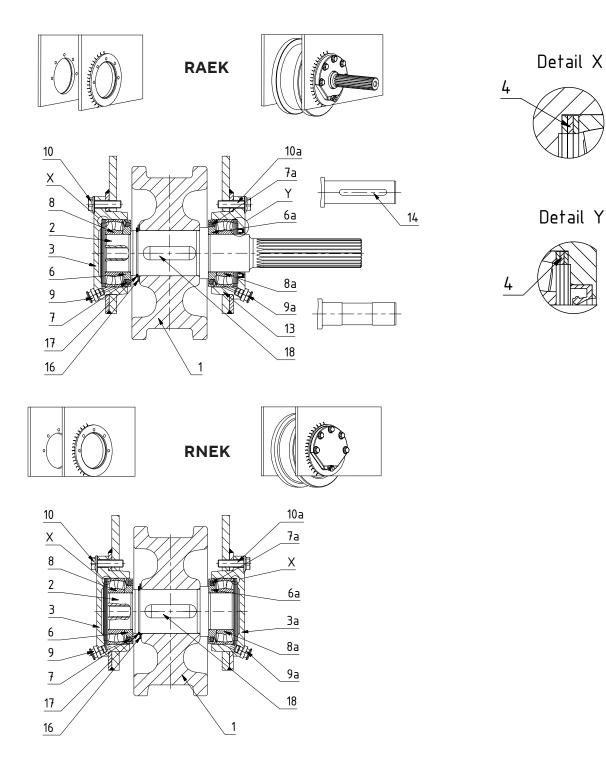


4. Installation of the wheel sets RAEK/RNEK 160, 200

Installation version 3

Flange centering, mechanically machined

Box girder installation, delivered in individual parts



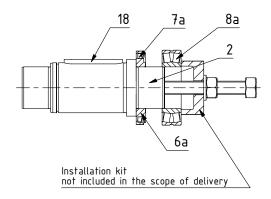
Using interchangeable compensating discs (4) the position of the wheel Table 5 to the rail and thus the average track dimension can be changed.

Wheel set	Number per flanged bearing housing Thickness of compensating disc	max. adjustment option	
RAEK/RNEK 160	3 x 1,5 mm	± 4,5 mm	
RAEK/RNEK 200	3 x 1,5 mm	± 4,5 mm	

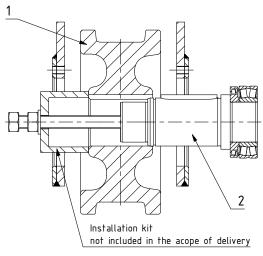


4.1 Installation procedure, installation version 3

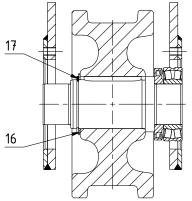
Box girder installation, delivered in individual parts Flange centering, mechanically machined



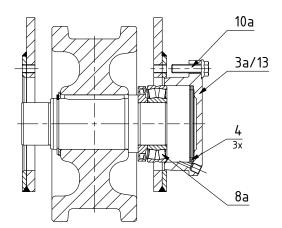
- 1. Manufacture the steel construction in accordance with 2.1 (refer to Page 7).
- 2. Install the bearing cap (6a) with V-Ring (7a) and self-aligning roller bearing (8a) on the collar side of the drive and idler shaft (2) (refer to note for installation kit).
- 3. Install the feather key (18) in the groove of the drive and idler shaft (2).



- 4. Roll the crane wheel (1) into the box girder.
- 5. Push or pull in the drive and idler shaft (2) into the crane wheel (1) until the shaft collar rests on the hub of the crane wheel (refer to note for installation kit)

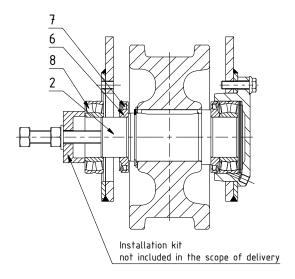


6. Install the disc (16) and circlip (17).

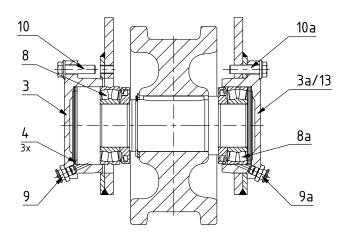


- 7. Install three compensating discs (4) in the flanged bearing housing (3a/13).
- 8. Push the flanged bearing housing (3a) and flanged bearing housing (13) with installed radial shaft seal (12) over the self-aligning roller bearing (8a) and attach to the steel construction using the locking screws (10a).





9. Push the bearing cap (6) with V-Ring (7) and self-aligning roller bearing (8) onto the other end of the drive and idler shaft (2) (refer to note for installation kit).



- 10. Install three compensating discs (4) in the flanged bearing housing (3).
- 11. Push the flanged bearing housing (3) over the self-aligning roller bearing (8) and attach to the steel construction using the locking screws (10).
- 12. Install the lubrication nipples (9a and 9) in both flanged bearing housings (3a/13).
- 13. At both flanged bearing housings, tighten all locking screws (10a and 10) to a torque of 75 Nm (in accordance with Table 3).
- 14. Using suitable roller-bearing grease, lubricate the self-aligning roller bearings (8a and 8) through the lubrication nipples (9a and 9) until the lubricant escapes from the seals (refer to Chapter 5).



However, this installation process is only applicable if the dimension of the steel construction (clearance of the flanged bearing housing) has been manufactured exactly as given in Figure 3 on Page 7 (170 +0.3 mm).

If the installation dimension is exceeded by more than 1 mm, the difference must be compensated by installing the corresponding compensating discs (4). Thereby, there is less axial play.



If the installation dimension (170 \pm 0.3 mm) has been manufactured smaller, it is **mandatory** to remove the appropriate compensating discs (4).

Only thus can constraining forces on the self-aligning roller bearings be prevented and thus, damage caused by the forces.

After assembly, both flanged bearing housings must rest on the steel construction. The wheel set should then have a minimum axial play of 0.1 mm.

Installation kit:

There is a M16 threaded hole on both ends of the shafts to make it easier to pull the drive and idler shaft into the crane wheel and draw the self-aligning roller bearing onto the drive and idler shaft.

An installation kit with spacer tubes, discs, bolts, nuts etc. is not included in the scope of delivery and, depending on the design and length of the drive shafts, must be manufactured by the customer.



5. Commissioning, Maintenance and Servicing

Recurring check

in accordance with UVV (Accident Prevention Regulations) cranes BGV D6 § 26 Para. 1 (VBG 9) and the basic principles for specialist examinations (ZH 1/27)

Lubrication and maintenance



The wheel sets RAE/RNE are supplied as complete units. The self-aligning roller bearings are filled with roller-bearing grease Multifak EP 2 (Texaco).

The wheel sets RAEK/RNEK are supplied as individual parts.

The self-aligning roller bearings **must** be filled with grease after installation.

Type of lubrication: lubricating using grease

Lubricant: Multifak EP 2 (Texaco) or equivalent roller bearing

grease from another manufacturer (suitable for use

at temperatures of -30 °C to +90 °C)

For use at temperatures to -50 °C, we recommend the roller-bearing grease Renolit Unitemp 2 (Fuchs) or an equivalent, frost-resistant grease from another

manufacturer.

For temperatures of more than 90 °C, use

appropriate temperature-resistant seals and suitable

hightemperature lubricants.

Re-lubrication: After every 2000 operating hours through the

lubrication nipple through the flanged bearing

housing

Change lubricant: Annually

Before attaching the gear motor, apply a layer of suitable assembly grease to the drive shafts with gearing or feather key.

Servicing

Replace damaged seals (V-Rings and radial shaft seals).

Running surfaces and flange wear of the crane wheel: Inspection every 3 months

If there is wear on the running surfaces of more than 8 mm and at a wheel flange width of less than 8 mm, replace the crane wheel.

Use a torque wrench and check the specified tightening torques of all locking screws after 3 months operating time.

Subsequently, annually within the framework of the recurring check.

The maintenance intervals given are reference values that must be adapted in extreme operating conditions.



Produkt- und Kundeninformation

Product and customer information

Beim Radblocksystem handelt es sich um eine einbaufertige Fahreinheit für fördertechnische Anlagen (z.B. Krane). The wheel block system is a ready-to-install travel unit for conveyor systems (e.g. cranes).

Das Radblocksystem ist keine Maschine und dazugehöriges Produkt im Sinne der Richtlinie 2006/24/EG sowie der Verordnung 2023/1230.

The wheel block system is not a machine and associated product within the meaning of Directive 2006/24/EC and Regulation 2023/1230.

Das Radblocksystem ist als Komponente zu betrachten und ist konform mit den Anforderungen nachstehender Dokumente:

The wheel block system is to be regarded as a component and conforms to the requirements of the following documents:

 DIN EN 13135 08/18 Krane - Sicherheit - Konstruktion - Anforderungen an die Ausrüstungen

Cranes - Safety - Design - Requirements for equipment

 DIN EN 13001-3-3 02/15 Krane - Konstruktion allgemein - Teil 3-3: Grenzzustände und

Sicherheitsnachweis von Laufrad/Schiene-Kontakten

Cranes - General design - Part 3-3: Limit states and proof of competence of

wheel/rail contacts

Sicherheit von Maschinen - Allgemeine Gestaltungsleitsätze -DIN EN ISO 12100 03/11

Risikobeurteilung und Risikominderung (ISO 12100:2010)

Safety of machinery - General principles for design - Risk assessment and

risk reduction (ISO 12100:2010)

 DIN EN ISO 9001 11/15 Qualitätsmanagementsysteme - Anforderungen (ISO 9001:2015)

Quality management systems - Requirements (ISO 9001:2015)

Bei der Verwendung der Komponenten sind die Vorgaben / Hinweise der Montage-, Wartungsanleitung zu o.g. Komponente zwingend zu beachten!

When using the components, the specifications / instructions in the installation and maintenance instructions for the above-mentioned components must be observed!

D-57612 Ingelbach/Bhf., 14.03.25 Ort, Datum

Hees. Geschäftsfüh Miesner, Thomas Forschung Fentwicklung





Notes:			



Karl Georg GmbH Karl-Georg-Straße 3 D-57612 Ingelbach-Bahnhof

T: +49 (0)2688 / 95 16 - 0 info@karl-georg.de www.karl-georg.de Subject to alterations by the manufacturer for the purposes of further technical development!

No claims can be derived from the information, figures and descriptions given in these operating instructions.

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